CONSTRAINING THE NON-STANDARD INTERACTION PARAMETERS IN LONG BASELINE NEUTRINO EXPERIMENTS

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In this work we investigate the prospects for probing the strength of the possible nonstandard neutrino interactions (NSI) in long baseline neutrino oscillation experiments [1]. We find that these experiments are sensitive to NSI couplings down to the level of 0.01-0.1 depending on the oscillation channel and the baseline length, as well as on the detector's fiducial mass. We also investigate the interference of the leptonic CP angle δ_{CP} with the constraining of the NSI couplings. It is found that the interference is strong in the case of the $\nu_e \leftrightarrow \nu_{\mu}$ and $\nu_e \leftrightarrow \nu_{\tau}$ transitions but not significant in other transitions. In our numerical analysis we apply the GLoBES software and use the LBNO setup as our benchmark.



Figure 1: 90 % discovery reach of NSI parameters as a function of baseline length. Band thickness corresponds to the strength of correlation between δ_{CP} and $\varepsilon_{e\alpha}^m$, where $\alpha = \mu, \tau$.

[1] K. Huitu, T. J. Kärkkäinen, J. Maalampi and S. Vihonen, HIP-2016-03/TH (2016).